



**Tudor Grange
Academies Trust**



Primary Latin Curriculum Map

TGPASJ



Year 3				
National Curriculum	- listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding - link the spelling, sound and meaning of words - speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures - read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing - appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language - broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary - write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly - describe people, places, things and actions in writing - understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, including (where relevant): feminine, masculine and neuter forms and the conjugation of high-frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English			
Year 3	Autumn	Spring	Summer	
Maximum Classics Unit	The Origins of Language	Present Tense Verbs	Verbs and Adverbs	
Grammar Knowledge	Understand the origins of the English language and its connection to historical events. Understand the concept of meaning communicated through word order vs word ending (inflection).	Understand how a Latin verb is composed of a root meaning and an inflected ending showing person. Apply knowledge of verb endings to translate present tense verbs.	Understand the role of adverbs in Latin and English.	
Vocabulary Knowledge	Learn the spelling and meaning of: aqua, femina, vacca, victoria, magnus, optimus Match English words with their Latin root words.	Learn the spelling and meaning of: amare, cantare, habitare, laborare, ridere and videre. Match English words with their Latin root words and use Greek/Latin compounds to create novel English words.	Learn the spelling and meaning of: bene, male, celeriter, facile, fortiter, irate, laete, optime Match English words with their Latin root words.	
Cultural Knowledge	Identify some classical aspects of modern culture. Encounter the story of Achilles in a mixture of English and Latin.	Learn about the classical pantheon of gods. Encounter the story of Orpheus and Eurydice in a mixture of English and Latin.	Investigate the Bath curse tablets. Encounter the myth of Midas in a mixture of English and Latin.	



Year 4			
National Curriculum	- listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding - link the spelling, sound and meaning of words - speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures - read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing - appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language - broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary - write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly - describe people, places, things and actions in writing - understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, including (where relevant): feminine, masculine and neuter forms and the conjugation of high-frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English		
Year 4	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Maximum Classics Unit	Subject & Object Nouns	Simple Sentences in Latin	Numerals & 'to be'
Grammar Knowledge	Know that Latin nouns have a gender and show this in their ending. Understand how Latin noun endings change depending on whether they are subject or object. Apply knowledge of noun endings to choose between English translations for Latin sentences.	Use knowledge of Latin verb and noun endings to translate simple sentences.	Learn the irregular verb 'to be' in the present tense. Apply knowledge of the verb 'to be' to translate Latin sentences.
Vocabulary Knowledge	Learn the spelling and meaning of: digitus, equus, gladius, maga, magus, medicus, porcus, regina, rota, sonus, stella, ventus and villa. Match English words with their Latin root words.	Learn the spelling and meaning of: taberna, consumere, audire, hotus, salutare, numerare Match English words with their Latin root words.	Learn the spelling and meaning of: unus, duo, tres, quattuor, quinque, sex, septem, octo, novem, decem, centum, mille, et, it vero, minime Match English words with their Latin root words and use Greek/Latin compounds to create novel English words.



Year 5

National Curriculum	- listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding - link the spelling, sound and meaning of words - speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures - read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing - appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language - broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary - write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly - describe people, places, things and actions in writing understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, including (where relevant): feminine, masculine and neuter forms and the conjugation of high-frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English		
Year 5	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Maximum Classics Unit	Adjectives and Agreement	Prepositions	Past Continuous Tense
Grammar Knowledge	Understand the concept of Latin adjectives agreeing with their noun in number, gender and case. Apply knowledge in the translation of sentences containing nouns and adjectives.	Understand the role of prepositions in Latin and English.	Understand how a Latin verb ending can also change its tense as well as person. Understand how the past continuous tense is expressed in both Latin and English. Apply knowledge of Latin past continuous verb endings in translating words and sentences.
Vocabulary Knowledge	Learn the spelling and meaning of: currere, facere, habere, scribere, dormire, legere, in, quis, quid, bonus/bona, iratus/irata, malus/mala, frigidus/frigida, mirus/mira, sordidus/sordida, primus/prima, secundus/secunda, tertius/tertia Match English words with their Latin root words.	Learn the spelling and meaning of: stare, ducere, dicere, manere, insula, dea, deus, campus, totus/tota, super, sub, e/ex, per, trans, ad, ante, post, circum Match English words with their Latin root words.	Learn the spelling and meaning of: ambulare, invenire, vexare, animus, terra, amicus/amica, luna, novus/nova Match English words with their Latin root words.



Cultural Knowledge	Learn about the use of Latin in binomial Linnaean classification. Learn about Homer and the story of the Iliad and its protagonists. Encounter the myth of the Trojan Horse in a mixture of English and Latin.	Encounter the history of Hannibal in a mixture of English and Latin.	Understand Aristotle's theory of the Golden Mean. Encounter ancient Mediterranean constellation myths. Encounter the myth of Echo and Narcissus in a mixture of English and Latin.
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Year 6			
National Curriculum	- listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding - link the spelling, sound and meaning of words - speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures - read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing - appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language - broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary - write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly - describe people, places, things and actions in writing understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, including (where relevant): feminine, masculine and neuter forms and the conjugation of high-frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English		
Year 6	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Maximum Classics Unit	Third group nouns	Possessive noun endings	Negatives and conjunctions
Grammar Knowledge	Encounter third declension (group) nouns and their endings. Apply knowledge of third group noun endings to translate Latin sentences.	Understand that Latin noun endings can show possession. Apply knowledge of possessive noun endings in all three noun groups encountered to translate Latin sentences using apostrophes correctly.	Understand the role of negatives in Latin and English. Encounter the imperative form and translate in sentences. Understand the role of conjunctions in English and Latin.
Vocabulary Knowledge	Learn the spelling and meaning of: delere, clamare, ponere, sperare, pater, mater, infans, soror, frater, familia, feles, canis, rex, miles, pastor, urbs, verus/vera, mortuus/mortua and vivus/viva. Match English words with their Latin root words and use Greek/Latin compounds to create novel English words.	Learn the spelling and meaning of: tacere, sentire, surgere, visitare, rogare, quaerere, ascendere, lacrimare, descendere, sol, nox, locus, mons, silva, flos, validus/valida and solus/sola. Match English words with their Latin root words.	Learn the spelling and meaning of: pugnare, finire, regere, lingua, dux, populus, pax, non, numquam, nemo, cautus/cauta, gratus/grata, victus/victa, quietus/quieta, paratus/parata, noli(te), quod, itaque and sed. Match English words with their Latin root words.



	Learn the technique of 'glossing' previously unencountered words		
Cultural Knowledge	Investigate the ancient Greek alphabet and its relationship with our modern alphabet. Learn about the Roman method of numeral notation. Encounter the myth of Romulus and Remus in a mixture of English and Latin.	Learn about the Pythagoras' theorem and its origins. Learn about theories for the origins of myth. Encounter the myth of Proserpina in Latin.	Learn about Roman inscriptions and dipinti. Encounter the history of Cleopatra in Latin.